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6	MARKUP OF: H.R. 2278, RESPONSIBLE DISPOSAL
7	REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2017; H.R. 2389,
8	TO REAUTHORIZE THE WEST VALLEY DEMONSTRATION
9	PROJECT, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES
10	WEDNESDAY, JUNE 27, 2018
11	House of Representatives
12	Subcommittee on Environment
13	Committee on Energy and Commerce
14	Washington, D.C.
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18	The subcommittee met, pursuant to call, at 12:26 p.m., in
19	Room 2123 Rayburn House Office Building, Hon. John Shimkus
20	[chairman of the subcommittee] presiding.
21	Members present: Representatives Shimkus, McKinley, Harper,
22	Olson, Johnson, Flores, Cramer, Walberg, Walden (ex officio),
23	Tonko, and Peters.
24	Staff present: Mike Bloomquist, Deputy Staff Director;
25	Samantha Bopp, Staff Assistant; Daniel Butler, Staff Assistant;

Karen Christian, General Counsel; Kelly Collins, Staff Assistant;
Margaret Tucker Fogarty, Staff Assistant; Adam Fromm, Director
of Outreach and Coalitions; Ali Fulling, Legislative Clerk,
Oversight & Investigations, Digital Commerce and Consumer
Protection; Theresa Gambo, Human Resources/Office Administrator;
Jordan Haverly, Policy Coordinator, Environment; Mary Martin,
Deputy Chief Counsel, Energy & Environment; Sarah Matthews, Press
Secretary; Drew McDowell, Executive Assistant; Peter Spencer,
Professional Staff Member, Energy; Austin Stonebraker, Press
Assistant; Andy Zach, Senior Professional Staff Member,
Environment; Elizabeth Ertel, Minority Deputy Clerk; Jean Fruci,
Minority Energy and Environment Policy Advisor; Rick Kessler,
Minority Senior Advisor and Staff Director, Energy and
Environment; Dan Miller, Minority Policy Analyst; Alexander
Ratner, Minority Policy Analyst; Tim Robinson, Minority Chief
Counsel; Tuley Wright, Minority Energy and Environment Policy
Advisor; and Catherine Zander, Minority Environment Fellow.

43 The subcommittee will come to order. Mr. Shimkus. 44 chair recognizes himself for an opening statement. 45 This morning's Subcommittee on Environment will markup two 46 bills to reauthorize Department of Energy environmental 47 remediation programs. 48 Last month, we received testimony on H.R. 2389 to reauthorize 49 the West Valley Demonstration Project. We heard three different 50 perspectives about challenges and opportunities at the West 51 Valley New York site. 52 The bill's sponsor, Congressman Tom Reed, highlighted the importance of advancing cleanup at the West Valley location, and 53 his constituents, the local communities, and the district. 54 55 A Department of Energy witness provided a historical 56 perspective as the federal government partner on the ground, 57 carrying out the statutory programs over the last 38 years pursuant to the West Valley Demonstration Project Act. 58 59 And the New York State Energy Research and Development 60 Authority, or NYSERDA, offered the host state's viewpoint on the importance of expediting cleanup activities at the site and 61 62 transferring responsibility to dispose of material to the federal 63 government. 64 Obviously, Mr. Tonko also was connected to that in another 65 life so he has a great interest in this. 66 I recognize the state of New York's interest in eliminating 67 DOE's statutory prohibition on disposing high-level radioactive waste generated at the site over 50 years ago.

There are different forms and quantities of this material at the site and we know that some of the high-level radioactive waste from the reprocessing spent nuclear fuel must be sent to a deep geological repository at Yucca Mountain, Nevada site as required under the Nuclear Waste Policy Act.

As we heard, DOE is not expected to complete cleanup at the site until the mid-2040s, and that's a long time, Mr. Tonko. And so efforts of the House of Representatives to get our nation's nuclear waste management program back on track is critical for the disposal pathway.

To get a better understanding of the alternative disposal path for the remainder of the radioactive waste, Congress needs additional information.

The amendment in the nature of a substitute, H.R. 2389, will help gather that information by directing the Government Accountability Office to identify the volumes and types of radioactive waste at the site, disposal options for the waste streams including cost and time frames, and benefits and challenges of each disposal option.

This information will enable Congress to make a fully informed decision in the future.

We will also consider H.R. 2278, the Responsible Disposal Reauthorization Act of 2017, introduced by Representative Scott Tipton and co-sponsored by my colleague on the Subcommittee on

93 Environment, Representative Diana DeGette. 94 In 1996, Congress reauthorized operations at the Cheney 95 Disposal Cell in Mesa County, Colorado, for 27 years until 96 September 30th, 2023. 97 Ranking Member Pallone helped get that original bill enacted 98 as a ranking member of the Subcommittee on Energy and Power in 99 the 104th Congress. 100 The bill before us today proactively extends the date for the uranium mill tailings disposal cell in Mesa County, Colorado, 101 to operate for another 25 years. 102 I look forward to passing these bipartisan bills and 103 104 continuing to advance policies to help the department meet its 105 environmental cleanup goals and obligations. 106 With that, I will yield back my time and yield to the ranking member, Mr. Tonko, for five minutes. 107 Thank you, Mr. Chair, and thank you for holding 108 109 today's subcommittee markup. 110 As we heard during our legislative hearing last month, sites located across our country are dealing with the legacy of our 111 112 nation's entry into the Atomic Age. 113 Today, we will consider bills that address two of these sites 114 -- H.R. 2278, the Responsible Disposal Reauthorization Act, and H.R. 2389, a bill to reauthorize the West Valley Demonstration 115 Project and for other purposes. 116

The Uranium Mill Tailings Radiation Control Act established

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118 a process for remediating inactive uranium ore processing sites 119 such as the one in Grand Junction, Colorado. 120 H.R. 2278 would authorize DOE to continue to operate the 121 Cheney Disposal Cell through September of 2048, or until it is 122 filled to capacity. 123 Currently, DOE is authorized to operate this cell through 124 September of 2023. I hope we can move this bill forward today. 125 H.R. 2389 addresses a unique site in my home state, the 126 western New York Service Center in West Valley. The site is owned 127 by New York State and, from 1996 through 1972, was operated by a private company to reprocess spent nuclear fuel primarily 128 129 provided by the federal government. 130 This activity resulted in transuranic waste and high-level 131 nuclear waste, which is continuing to be stored at that site. 132 Since 1986, based on a DOE inspector general report, DOE has classified the waste at West Valley as commercial waste rather 133 than waste deriving from atomic energy defense activities. 134 135 This has caused a major disagreement between DOE and New York Under this classification, DOE believes the costs 136 for decades. for disposal of the waste should be borne by the state of New York 137 138 due to its ownership of the site. The state has reviewed documents from the site showing that 139 60 percent of the materials sent to West Valley was from facilities 140 141 that conducted defense activities and 80 percent of the 142 reprocessed plutonium shipped out of West Valley was sent to

143 defense facilities. 144 H.R. 2389, as introduced, would resolve this issue. 145 addition to clarifying the treatment of these wastes, the bill 146 authorizes \$75 million annually for 10 years for the West Valley 147 Demonstration Project. 148 This funding level is identical to the amount appropriated 149 in fiscal year 2018 and will ensure the cleanup will continue on 150 schedule. I support this bill and will have more to say if the amendment 151 in the nature of a substitute is offered. But, ultimately, I hope 152 we can work together to resolve this unsettled nuclear waste 153 154 issue. 155 And with that, Mr. Chair, I thank you and yield back. 156 Mr. Shimkus. The gentleman yields back the time. 157 The chair now recognizes the chairman of the full committee, 158 Mr. Walden, for three minutes. 159 The Chairman. Thank you very much, Mr. Chairman, and good 160 Welcome to our subcommittee markup. afternoon. 161 As you've heard, we are going to consider these two pieces of legislation that address projects at the Department of Energy's 162 163 Offices of Environmental Management and Legacy Management. 164 You know, much of our Energy and Commerce Committee's focus this Congress on modernization and lapsed authorizations at DOE 165

programs has been overseen by Vice Chairman Barton and Energy

Subcommittee Chairman Upton, and, of course, Chairman Shimkus has

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done a lot of work in this area as well.

The two targeted bills before us today are part of the Environment Subcommittee's related efforts to address cleanup projects and legacy needs associated with the development deployment of atomic energy technologies.

And as you've heard, H.R. 2278, the Responsible Disposal Reauthorization Act of 2017, extends the authorized operation at the Grand Junction, Colorado, uranium mill tailings disposal cell for another quarter century, mirroring the length of time the site was originally authorized to operate.

This proactive bipartisan bill will assure this important cleanup site remains available to safely dispose of contaminated radioactive material.

The second bill that we are taking up today reauthorizes the Department of Energy's environmental remediation activities at the sole location in the United States that reprocessed spent nuclear fuel for commercial purposes -- that's in West Valley, New York.

The state of New York owns the site and funds a portion of the cleanup activities at the location. The bill's sponsors -- Congressman Tom Reed -- is a strong advocate for an ongoing and strengthened partnership between DOE and the state of New York.

I would also like to note the Environment Subcommittee ranking member, my friend, Mr. Tonko, oversaw the program prior to his election to Congress, and I appreciate his leadership on

193	this issue as well. I can't think of anybody who knows it better.
194	That's correct, right?
195	Mr. Shimkus. Well, we're we were talking. I said he
196	didn't fix it. That's we're he came here.
197	[Laughter.]
198	The Chairman. Well, I wasn't going to go to the heart of
199	the matter before us today, but you would have thought, you know.
200	Marking up these bills this morning will continue our agenda
201	to methodically review and renew, where necessary, important
202	federal government programs.
203	So I look forward to passage of these bills this afternoon
204	and, with that, I yield back all 48 seconds.
205	Mr. Shimkus. The gentleman yields back his time.
206	The chair looks to the minority side to see if there is any
207	interest in opening statements.
208	Seeing none, the chair calls up H.R. 2278 and asks the clerk
209	to report.
210	[The Bill H.R. 2278 follows:]
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213	The Clerk. H.R. 2278, to extend the authorization of the
214	Uranium Mill Tailing Radiation Control Act of 1978, relating to
215	the disposal site in Mesa County, Colorado.
216	Mr. Shimkus. Without objection, the first reading of the
217	bill is dispensed with and the bill would be open for amendment
218	at any point, so ordered.
219	The chair recognizes himself to offer an amendment in the
220	nature of a substitute and the clerk will report the amendment.
221	[The Amendment offered by Mr. Shimkus follows:]
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223	*********TNSERT 2******

224 The Clerk. Amendment in the nature of a substitute to 2278, 225 offered by Mr. Shimkus. 226 And the chair recognizes himself five minutes Mr. Shimkus. 227 in support of the amendment in the nature of a substitute. 228 Forty years ago, Congress established a framework to dispose 229 of uranium mill tailings. Uranium mill tailings are the 230 byproduct material left over after mining and processing uranium 231 ore. In 1996, Congress authorized a disposal cell for uranium mill 232 233 tailings located near Grand Junction, Colorado, to operate until 234 2023, or until it is full, whichever comes first. 235 The cell contains about 4.5 million cubic yards of residual radioactive material, receives approximately 2,700 cubic yards 236 237 of additional waste per year, and has sufficient space to receive 238 an estimated 235,000 cubic yards, which represents 86 more years 239 of operation at current rates. 240 H.R. 2278 extends the authorization operation for the Grand 241 Junction cell until 2048, or until it is full, whichever comes 242 first. The amendment in the nature of a substitute makes a technical 243 244 change to the introduced bill to accurately cite the existing U.S. 245 Code and amend the bill's short title. And with that, I will yield back my time and ask if anyone 246 247 wants to speak, and seeing no one, the question now is on -- hold 248 on -- the question is on -- the question is on the amendment in

249	the nature of a substitute.
250	All those in favor say aye.
251	Those opposed, no.
252	The ayes have it. The amendment in the nature of a
253	substitute is agreed to.
254	The question now occurs on forwarding H.R. 2278 as amended
255	to the full committee.
256	All those in favor say aye.
257	Those opposed, no.
258	The ayes appear to have it. The ayes have it. The bill is
259	agreed to.
260	The chair calls up H.R. 2389 and asks the clerk to report.
261	[The Bill H.R. 2389 follows:]
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264 The Clerk. H.R. 2389, to reauthorize the West Valley 265 Demonstration Project and for other purposes. 266 Mr. Shimkus. Without objection, the first reading of the 267 bill is dispensed with and the bill will be open for amendment 268 at any point, so ordered. 269 The chair recognizes himself to offer an amendment in the 270 nature of a substitute and the clerk will report the amendment. 271 [The Amendment offered by Mr. Shimkus follows:] 272 273 **********INSERT 4*******

274 The Clerk. The amendment in the nature of a substitute to 275 H.R. 2389, offered by Mr. Shimkus. 276 The chair recognizes himself in support of the Mr. Shimkus. 277 amendment in the nature of a substitute. 278 In the 1960s, the state of New York partnered with the 279 developing commercial nuclear industry to demonstrate the 280 viability of repressing spent nuclear fuel at the West Valley 281 Service Center near West Valley, New York. 282 When commercial operations at the site ceased, the environmental cleanup activities at the site became New York's 283 284 responsibility. 285 IN 1980, Congress recognized that the federal government 286 shared a portion of the responsibility to clean up the site and 287 passed the West Valley Demonstration Project Act. 288 The act established a partnership between the Department of Energy and New York and provided for a cost share with 90 percent 289 290 of the project costs coming from the federal government. 291 While Congress agreed to provide cleanup funding for the West 292 Valley Demonstration Project as well as passage of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act two years later, prohibited DOE from disposing 293 294 of the site's high-level radioactive waste. 295 material was generated from commercial activity and 296 remains the responsibility of the state to pay for the disposal 297 H.R. 2389 reauthorizes DOE's activities at the West costs. 298 Valley site for the first time since 1981.

299 The level of funding reflects the appropriations provided 300 to the site in recent years. The amendment in the nature of a 301 substitute updates the fiscal year the project is authorized and 302 directs the Government Accountability Office to submit a report 303 containing critical information to inform future decisions on the 304 cost and time lines associated with various disposal pathways for 305 the site's nuclear waste. 306 And with that, I yield back my time and the chair looks to 307 the ranking member. 308 Mr. Tonko. Mr. Chair, I move to strike the last word. 309 Mr. Shimkus. The gentleman is recognized for five minutes. 310 Mr. Tonko. Thank you. 311 The record is clear that the high-level radioactive waste 312 in transuranic wastes left at West Valley were primarily from 313 atomic energy defense activities and should be disposed of as 314 such. 315 I am disappointed that this amendment in the nature of a 316 substitute would strike Section 1(B) of the bill, causing the issue to remain unsettled has it has since the 1986 IG report 317 injected uncertainty into the final disposition of these wastes. 318 319 I know some hope that DOE and New York will be able to work 320 this issue out. But I do not think it will be that simple. 321 Negotiations have languished for years and some issues may 322 not be able to be resolved at all -- for example, the disposal 323 of West Valley's transuranic waste.

324 The sole permanent disposal site for this type of waste is 325 the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant in New Mexico. But WIPP only 326 accepts transuranic waste created through atomic energy defense 327 activity. 328 Moving forward, I hope we can address this larger waste 329 classification issue in such a way that takes into account the 330 site's unique history that has led us to this point. 331 With that being said, retaining the reauthorization language 332 is important to ensure the site's cleanup continues on schedule. 333 The amendment also adds a new requirement for a GAO report. 334 I would point out that at our legislative hearing both sides of 335 the aisle requested DOE to provide calculations, including the methodology of those calculations of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act 336 337 disposal fee New York State might be required to pay. 338 As far as I am aware, DOE has not responded to that request So I find it odd that we are now asking GAO for 339 for the record. 340 similar information that we had requested of DOE but never 341 received before this bill moved to markup. 342 Mr. Chair, I hope we can take the time to review the language outlining the scope of this GAO report in greater detail between 343 344 now and full committee to ensure that both DOE and New York State 345 feel it will result in a final product that is equitable. 346 Again, I want to express my disappointment that we are 347 ignoring the crux of the disagreement over the West Valley wastes. 348 But I hope we can continue to work together to ensure the site

349 is eventually remediated and that the wastes are disposed of 350 properly. 351 If the amendment in the nature of a substitute is approved, 352 I will continue to support the bill moving to full committee, but 353 ask that the majority work with us if any language refinement is 354 needed. 355 And with that, I thank you and yield back. 356 Mr. Shimkus. Would the gentleman yield to me? 357 Mr. Tonko. Yes, sir. 358 Mr. Shimkus. So this -- as we found out, this is a particular conundrum -- that it also crosses other committees of 359 jurisdiction, which will have a major say in this. 360 So we think the CBO report is an important step in the right 361 362 direction. But I want to commit to you, as we move forward on 363 how to fix the overall national -- what I've been saying since 364 the floor vote on 3053 is we have a national problem that needs 365 a national solution. 366 I think part of the conundrum for us is right now we have stalled in the national solution. So if we can move the national 367 solution forward and we have some certainty, then I think we may 368 369 be able to try to address some of these other concerns. 370 And I really do want to look forward to trying to help you 371 all and actually come out and visit the site, too, so, which --372 Mr. Tonko. Okay. I appreciate that, Mr. Chair, and yes, 373 let's at least work to provide for that certainty.

374	Mr. Shimkus. And then the gentleman yields back his time.
375	Anyone else seeking time on the bill before us? If not, if
376	there is no further discussion, the vote occurs on the amendment
377	in the nature of a substitute.
378	All those in favor will signify by saying aye.
379	All those opposed, no.
380	The ayes have it. The amendment in the nature of a
381	substitute is agreed to.
382	The question now occurs on forwarding H.R. 2389 as amended
383	to the full committee.
384	All those in favor, say aye.
385	All those opposed, no.
386	The ayes appear to have it. The ayes have it. The bill is
387	agreed to.
388	Without objection, staff is authorized to make technical and
389	conforming changes to the legislation approved by the
390	subcommittee today. So ordered.
391	Without objection, the subcommittee stands adjourned.
392	[Whereupon, at 12:34 p.m., the subcommittee was adjourned.]