(Original Signature of Member)

116th CONGRESS 2D Session

To repeal the requirement to reallocate and auction the T-Band spectrum, to amend the Wireless Communications and Public Safety Act of 1999 to clarify acceptable 9–1–1 obligations or expenditures, and for other purposes.

H.R. 5928

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. WALDEN introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on

A BILL

- To repeal the requirement to reallocate and auction the T-Band spectrum, to amend the Wireless Communications and Public Safety Act of 1999 to clarify acceptable 9– 1–1 obligations or expenditures, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Fee Integrity and Re5 sponsibilities and To Regain Essential Spectrum for Pub6 lic-safety Operators Needed to Deploy Equipment Reliably

Act of 2020" or the "FIRST RESPONDER Act of
 2020".

3 SEC. 2. REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT TO REALLOCATE AND
4 AUCTION T-BAND SPECTRUM.

5 (a) REPEAL.—Section 6103 of the Middle Class Tax
6 Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012 (47 U.S.C. 1413)
7 is repealed.

8 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
9 in section 1(b) of such Act is amended by striking the
10 item relating to section 6103.

11 SEC. 3. CLARIFYING ACCEPTABLE 9-1-1 OBLIGATIONS OR 12 EXPENDITURES.

13 Section 6 of the Wireless Communications and Public
14 Safety Act of 1999 (47 U.S.C. 615a–1) is amended—

15 (1) in subsection (f)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "as spec-16 17 ified in the provision of State or local law 18 adopting the fee or charge" and inserting "con-19 sistent with the purposes and functions des-20 ignated in the final rules issued under para-21 graph (3) as purposes and functions for which 22 the obligation or expenditure of such a fee or 23 charge is acceptable";

24 (B) in paragraph (2), by striking "any25 purpose other than the purpose for which any

1	such fees or charges are specified" and insert-
2	ing "any purpose or function other than the
3	purposes and functions designated in the final
4	rules issued under paragraph (3) as purposes
5	and functions for which the obligation or ex-
6	penditure of any such fees or charges is accept-
7	able"; and
8	(C) by adding at the end the following:
9	"(3) Acceptable obligations or expendi-
10	TURES.—
11	"(A) RULES REQUIRED.—In order to pre-
12	vent diversion of 9–1–1 fees or charges, the
13	Commission shall, not later than 180 days after
14	the date of the enactment of this paragraph,
15	issue final rules designating purposes and func-
16	tions for which the obligation or expenditure of
17	9-1-1 fees or charges, by any State or taxing
18	jurisdiction authorized to impose such a fee or
19	charge, is acceptable.
20	"(B) PURPOSES AND FUNCTIONS.—The
21	purposes and functions designated under sub-
22	paragraph (A) shall be limited to the support
23	and implementation of $9-1-1$ services provided
24	by or in the State or taxing jurisdiction impos-
25	ing the fee or charge and operational expenses

1	of public safety answering points within such
2	State or taxing jurisdiction.
3	"(C) CONSULTATION REQUIRED.—The
4	Commission shall consult with public safety or-
5	ganizations and States and taxing jurisdictions
6	as part of any proceeding under this paragraph.
7	"(D) DEFINITIONS.—In this paragraph:
8	"(i) 9–1–1 FEE OR CHARGE.—The
9	term '9 $-1-1$ fee or charge' means a fee or
10	charge applicable to commercial mobile
11	services or IP-enabled voice services spe-
12	cifically designated by a State or taxing ju-
13	risdiction for the support or implementa-
14	tion of $9-1-1$ services.
15	"(ii) 9–1–1 SERVICES.—The term '9–
16	1–1 services' has the meaning given such
17	term in section 158(e) of the National
18	Telecommunications and Information Ad-
19	ministration Organization Act (47 U.S.C.
20	942(e)).
21	"(iii) STATE OR TAXING JURISDIC-
22	TION.—The term 'State or taxing jurisdic-
23	tion' means a State, political subdivision
24	thereof, Indian Tribe, or village or regional
25	corporation serving a region established

1	pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Set-
2	tlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.).
3	"(4) PARTICIPATION.—A State or taxing juris-
4	diction (as defined in paragraph $(3)(D)$) shall pro-
5	vide the information requested by the Commission to
6	prepare the report required by paragraph (2)."; and
7	(2) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(j) SEVERABILITY CLAUSE.—If any provision of this
9	section or the application thereof to any person or cir-
10	cumstance is held invalid, the remainder of this section
11	and the application of such provision to other persons or
12	circumstances shall not be affected thereby.".
13	SEC. 4. PROHIBITION ON 9-1-1 FEE OR CHARGE DIVERSION.
13 14	SEC. 4. PROHIBITION ON 9-1-1 FEE OR CHARGE DIVERSION.(a) IN GENERAL.—If the Commission obtains evi-
14	(a) IN GENERAL.—If the Commission obtains evi-
14 15	(a) IN GENERAL.—If the Commission obtains evi- dence that suggests the diversion by a State or taxing ju-
14 15 16	(a) IN GENERAL.—If the Commission obtains evidence that suggests the diversion by a State or taxing jurisdiction of $9-1-1$ fees or charges, the Commission shall
14 15 16 17	(a) IN GENERAL.—If the Commission obtains evidence that suggests the diversion by a State or taxing jurisdiction of $9-1-1$ fees or charges, the Commission shall submit such information to the interagency strike force
14 15 16 17 18	(a) IN GENERAL.—If the Commission obtains evidence that suggests the diversion by a State or taxing jurisdiction of $9-1-1$ fees or charges, the Commission shall submit such information to the interagency strike force established under subsection (c).
14 15 16 17 18 19	 (a) IN GENERAL.—If the Commission obtains evidence that suggests the diversion by a State or taxing jurisdiction of 9–1–1 fees or charges, the Commission shall submit such information to the interagency strike force established under subsection (c). (b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Beginning with the first
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	 (a) IN GENERAL.—If the Commission obtains evidence that suggests the diversion by a State or taxing jurisdiction of 9–1–1 fees or charges, the Commission shall submit such information to the interagency strike force established under subsection (c). (b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Beginning with the first report under section 6(f)(2) of the Wireless Communica-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 (a) IN GENERAL.—If the Commission obtains evidence that suggests the diversion by a State or taxing jurisdiction of 9–1–1 fees or charges, the Commission shall submit such information to the interagency strike force established under subsection (c). (b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Beginning with the first report under section 6(f)(2) of the Wireless Communications and Public Safety Act of 1999 (47 U.S.C. 615a–

under such section all evidence that suggests the diversion
 by a State or taxing jurisdiction of 9–1–1 fees or charges.
 (c) INTERAGENCY STRIKE FORCE TO END 9–1–1
 FEE OR CHARGE DIVERSION.—

5 (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days 6 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commission shall establish an interagency strike 7 8 force to study how the Federal Government can 9 most expeditionally end diversion by a State or taxing 10 jurisdiction of 9–1–1 fees or charges. Such inter-11 agency strike force shall be known as the "Ending 12 9–1–1 Fee Diversion Now Strike Force" (in this 13 section referred to as the "Strike Force").

14 (2) DUTIES.—In carrying out the study under
15 paragraph (1), the Strike Force shall—

16 (A) determine the effectiveness of any Fed17 eral laws, including regulations, policies, and
18 practices, or budgetary or jurisdictional con19 straints regarding how the Federal Government
20 can most expeditiously end diversion by a State
21 or taxing jurisdiction of 9–1–1 fees or charges;
22 and

23 (B) consider whether criminal penalties
24 would further prevent diversion by a State or
25 taxing jurisdiction of 9–1–1 fees or charges.

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1	(3) MEMBERS.—The Strike Force shall be com-
2	posed of such representatives of Federal depart-
3	ments and agencies as the Commission considers ap-
4	propriate, in addition to—
5	(A) State attorneys general;
6	(B) States or taxing jurisdictions found
7	not to be engaging in diversion of $9-1-1$ fees
8	or charges;
9	(C) States or taxing jurisdictions trying to
10	stop the diversion of $9-1-1$ fees or charges;
11	(D) State 9–1–1 administrators;
12	(E) public safety organizations;
13	(F) groups representing the public and
14	consumers; and
15	(G) groups representing public safety an-
16	swering point professionals.
17	(4) Report to congress.—Not later than
18	270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,
19	the Strike Force shall publish on the website of the
20	Commission and submit to the Committee on En-
21	ergy and Commerce of the House of Representatives
22	and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
23	Transportation of the Senate a report on the find-
24	ings of the study under this subsection, including—

(A) any recommendations regarding how to
 most expeditiously end the diversion by a State
 or taxing jurisdiction of 9–1–1 fees or charges,
 including actions that can be taken by Federal
 departments and agencies and appropriate
 changes to law or regulations; and

7 (B) a description of what progress, if any,
8 relevant Federal departments and agencies have
9 made in implementing the recommendations
10 under subparagraph (A).

11 (d) FAILURE TO COMPLY.—Notwithstanding any 12 other provision of law, any State or taxing jurisdiction identified by the Commission in the report required under 13 14 section 6(f)(2) of the Wireless Communications and Public 15 Safety Act of 1999 (47 U.S.C. 615a-1(f)(2)) as engaging in diversion of 9–1–1 fees or charges shall be ineligible 16 17 to participate or send a representative to serve on any 18 committee, panel, or council established under section 19 6205(a) of the Middle Class Tax Relief and Job Creation 20 Act of 2012 (47 U.S.C. 1425(a)) or any advisory com-21 mittee established by the Commission.

22 (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) 9-1-1 FEE OR CHARGE.—The term "9-11 fee or charge" has the meaning given such term
in subparagraph (D) of paragraph (3) of section 6(f)

of the Wireless Communications and Public Safety
 Act of 1999, as added by this Act.

3 (2) COMMISSION.—The term "Commission"
4 means the Federal Communications Commission.

(3) DIVERSION.—The term "diversion" means, 5 6 with respect to a 9–1–1 fee or charge, the obligation 7 or expenditure of such fee or charge for a purpose 8 or function other than the purposes and functions 9 designated in the final rules issued under paragraph 10 (3) of section 6(f) of the Wireless Communications 11 and Public Safety Act of 1999, as added by this Act, 12 as purposes and functions for which the obligation 13 or expenditure of such a fee or charge is acceptable. 14 (4) STATE OR TAXING JURISDICTION.—The

term "State or taxing jurisdiction" has the meaning
given such term in subparagraph (D) of paragraph
(3) of section 6(f) of the Wireless Communications
and Public Safety Act of 1999, as added by this Act.